

#### Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Revision date: 10/23/2014 : Version:

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture

Trade name : JOHNSEN'S NON-CHLORINATATED BPC 5 GALLON

Product code : 2415

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Brake Parts Cleaner

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Technical Chemical Company P.O. BOX 139 Cleburne, Texas 76033 T 817-645-6088

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTREC 24 Hour 1-800-424-9300, 1-703-527-3887 (International)

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### **Classification (GHS-US)**

Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral) H301 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal) H311 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist) H332 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Eve Irrit. 2A H319 Repr. 2 H361 STOT SE 3 H336 STOT SE 1 H370 STOT RE 2 H373

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

#### 2.2. Label elements

#### **GHS-US** labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)



GHS06





Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H301+H311 - Toxic if swallowed or in contact with skin

H315 - Causes skin irritation H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

H370 - Causes damage to organs

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P201 - Obtain special instructions

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood P210 - Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. - No smoking

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection

P233 - Keep container tightly closed

P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting equipment

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge
P260 - Do not breathe dust,fumes,gas,mist,vapor spray
P261 - Avoid breathing dust,fume,gas,mist,vapor spray
P264 - Wash affected areas thoroughly after handling
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

06/11/2014 EN (English US) 1/12

#### Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

P301+P310 - If swallowed: Immediately call a poison control center, doctor, physician,

P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse

skin with water/shower

P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing P307+P311 - If exposed: Call a poison center/doctor

P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P312 - Call a POISON CONTROL CENTER, doctor, if you feel unwell.

P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell

P321 - Specific treatment: See section 4.1 on SDS

P330 - Rinse mouth

P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention

P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

P361 - Take off immediately all contaminated clothing

P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

P370+P378 - In case of fire: See Section 5.1 Extinguishing Media

P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

P405 - Store locked up

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to appropriate waste disposal facility, in accordance with

local, regional, national, international regulations.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification

: None under normal conditions.

#### 2.4. **Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)**

No data available

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### **Substance**

Not applicable

#### 3.2. **Mixture**

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification (GHS-US)
Acetone	(CAS No) 67-64-1	50 - 70	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
Methanol	(CAS No) 67-56-1	10 - 30	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H331 STOT SE 1, H370
Toluene	(CAS No) 108-88-3	10 - 30	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### **Description of first aid measures**

First-aid measures general

: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

First-aid measures after inhalation

Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

First-aid measures after skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Obtain medical attention if pain, blinking or redness persist.

First-aid measures after ingestion

Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries

: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs.

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation

Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact

Repeated exposure to this material can result in absorption through skin causing significant health hazard. Toxic in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.

06/11/2014 EN (English US) 2/12

#### Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact

- : Irritation of the eye tissue. Inflammation/damage of the eye tissue. Redness of the eye tissue.
- Symptoms/injuries after ingestion
- Toxic if swallowed. Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health

hazard.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available

#### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Explosion hazard : May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any

chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.

Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Remove ignition sources. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. No naked lights. No

smoking.

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Gloves. Safety glasses.

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection. Avoid breathing dust,fume,gas,mist,vapor spray.

Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Dam up the liquid spill. Contain released substance, pump into suitable containers. Plug the leak,

cut off the supply.

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect

spillage. Store away from other materials.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed

: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

Precautions for safe handling

: Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. No naked lights. No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing dust,fume,gas,mist,vapor spray. Obtain special instructions. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe

dust,fumes,gas,mist,vapor spray.

Hygiene measures : Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash affected areas thoroughly after handling. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild

soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Ground/bond

container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting

equipment.

Storage conditions : Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : Keep in fireproof

place. Keep container tightly closed.

Incompatible products : Strong bases. Strong acids.

Incompatible materials : Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight. Heat sources.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Follow Label Directions.

06/11/2014 EN (English US) 3/12

### Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

#### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Toluene (108-88-3)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	75 mg/m³
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	20 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	300 ppm

Benzene (71-43-2)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	1 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	5 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (ppm)	25 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	5 ppm

Methanol (67-56-1)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	262 mg/m³
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (mg/m³)	328 mg/m³
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	250 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	260 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm

Acetone (67-64-1)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	1188 mg/m³
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	500 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (mg/m³)	1782 mg/m³
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	750 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	2400 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Local exhaust venilation, vent hoods.

Personal protective equipment : Gloves. Safety glasses. Avoid all unnecessary exposure.





Hand protection : Wear protective gloves.

Eye protection : Chemical goggles or safety glasses.
Skin and body protection : Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection : Where exposure through inhalation may occur from use, respiratory protection equipment is

recommended.

Other information : Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

#### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid
Appearance : Liquid.

Color : Colourless to light yellow.
Odor : Solvent-like odour.
Odor threshold : No data available
pH : No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available

06/11/2014 EN (English US) 4/12

#### Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Melting point : No data available Freezing point : No data available : No data available

Boiling point : 56 °C (Lowest Component)

Flash point : -18 °C (Lowest Component)

Auto-ignition temperature : 465 °C (Lowest Component)

Decomposition temperature : No data available Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available Vapor pressure : No data available Relative vapor density at 20 °C : No data available

Relative density : 0.86

Solubility : Poorly soluble in water. Log Pow : No data available : No data available Log Kow Viscosity, kinematic : No data available : No data available Viscosity, dynamic Explosive properties : No data available Oxidizing properties : No data available Explosive limits : No data available

9.2. Other information

VOC content : 44.9 %

#### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

LD50 oral rat

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong bases.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Toxic fume. . Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. May release flammable gases.

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Toxic if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin. Harmful if inhaled.

Toluene (108-88-3)	
LD50 oral rat	5580 mg/kg body weight (Rat; Equivalent or similar to OECD 401; Literature study; 5580 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat; Experimental value)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg body weight LD50 quoted as 14.1 mL/kg (12267 mg/kg using density of 0.87)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 28.1 mg/l/4h (Rat; Air, Literature study)
Benzene (71-43-2)	
LD50 oral rat	> 930 mg/kg (Rat; Equivalent or similar to OECD 401; Literature study; > 2000 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat; Experimental value)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 8240 mg/kg (Rabbit; Experimental value; 21 CFR 191.10; > 9.4; Rabbit)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	43.767 mg/l/4h (Rat; Experimental value)
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	13700 ppm/4h (Rat; Experimental value)
Methanol (67-56-1)	
LD50 oral rat	>= 2528 mg/kg body weight application as 50% aqueous solution
LD50 dermal rabbit	17100 mg/kg corresponding to 20 ml/kg bw according to the authors
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	128.2 mg/l/4h Air
Acetone (67-64-1)	

06/11/2014 EN (English US) 5/12

5800 mg/kg (Rat; Equivalent or similar to OECD 401; Experimental value)

Safety Data Sheet according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Acetone (67-64-1)	
LD50 dermal rabbit	20000 mg/kg (Rabbit; Experimental value; Equivalent or similar to OECD 402)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	71 mg/l/4h (Rat; Experimental value; 76 mg/l/4h; Rat; Experimental value)
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	30000 ppm/4h (Rat; Experimental value)
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Toluene (108-88-3)	
IARC group	3
Benzene (71-43-2)	
IARC group	1
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Causes damage to organs.
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Harmful if inhaled. Toxic if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: Repeated exposure to this material can result in absorption through skin causing significant health hazard. Toxic in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Irritation of the eye tissue. Inflammation/damage of the eye tissue. Redness of the eye tissue.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: Toxic if swallowed. Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Toluene (108-88-3)	
LC50 fish 1	24 mg/l 96 h; Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss)
EC50 Daphnia 1	84 mg/l (24 h; Daphnia magna; Locomotor effect)
LC50 fish 2	13 mg/l (96 h; Lepomis macrochirus)
EC50 Daphnia 2	11.5 - 19.6 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia magna)
Threshold limit algae 1	> 400 mg/l (168 h; Scenedesmus quadricauda; Toxicity test)
Threshold limit algae 2	105 mg/l (192 h; Microcystis aeruginosa)
Benzone (74, 42, 2)	

Benzene (71-43-2)	
LC50 fish 1	5.3 mg/l 96 h; Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss)
EC50 Daphnia 1	18 mg/l (24 h; Daphnia magna)
EC50 other aquatic organisms 1	29 mg/l (72 h; Selenastrum capricornutum)
LC50 fish 2	15.1 mg/l (96 h; Pimephales promelas)
EC50 Daphnia 2	10 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia magna)
TLM fish 1	22.5 mg/l (96 h; Lepomis macrochirus; Soft water)
TLM fish 2	32 mg/l (96 h; Pimephales promelas; Hard water)
TLM other aquatic organisms 1	10 - 100,96 h
Threshold limit algae 2	50 mg/l (24 h; Phaeodactylum; Photosynthesis)

Acetone (67-64-1)	
TLM fish 1	13000 ppm (96 h; Gambusia affinis; Turbulent water)
TLM fish 2	> 1000 ppm (96 h; Pisces)
Threshold limit other aquatic organisms 1	3000 mg/l (Plankton)
Threshold limit other aquatic organisms 2	28 mg/l (Protozoa)
Threshold limit algae 1	7500 mg/l (Scenedesmus quadricauda; pH = 7)
Threshold limit algae 2	3400 mg/l (48 h; Chlorella sp.)

Methanol (67-56-1)	
LC50 fish 1	15400 mg/l (96 h; Lepomis macrochirus; Lethal)
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia magna; Lethal)

EN (English US) 6/12 06/11/2014

Safety Data Sheet according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

	March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations
Methanol (67-56-1)	
LC50 fish 2	10800 mg/l 96 h; Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss)
EC50 Daphnia 2	24500 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia magna)
Threshold limit other aquatic organisms 1	6600 mg/l (16 h; Pseudomonas putida)
Threshold limit algae 1	530 mg/l (192 h; Microcystis aeruginosa)
Threshold limit algae 2	8000 mg/l (168 h; Scenedesmus quadricauda)
Acetone (67-64-1)	
LC50 fish 1	6210 mg/l (96 h; Pimephales promelas; Nominal concentration)
EC50 Daphnia 1	8800 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia pulex)
LC50 bapillia 1	5540 mg/l 96 h; Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss)
TLM fish 1	13000 ppm (96 h; Gambusia affinis; Turbulent water)
TLM fish 2	> 1000 ppm (96 h; Pisces)
Threshold limit other aquatic organisms 1	3000 mg/l (Plankton)
Threshold limit other aquatic organisms 2	28 mg/l (Protozoa)
Threshold limit algae 1	7500 mg/l (Scenedesmus quadricauda; pH = 7)
Threshold limit algae 1 Threshold limit algae 2	3400 mg/l (48 h; Chlorella sp.)
	3400 High (40 H, Official Sp.)
12.2. Persistence and degradability	
JOHNSEN'S NON-CHLORINATATED BPC 5 G	ALLON
Persistence and degradability	Not established.
Toluene (108-88-3)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Low potential for adsorption in soil.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	2.15 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.52 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
ThOD	3.13 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.69 % ThOD
Benzene (71-43-2)	Diederschiele in water Organisie in water Francisco and in order in water Diederschiele in the
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in water. Ozonation in water. Forming sediments in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Photolysis in the air.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	2.18 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.15 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
ThOD	3.10 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.70 % ThOD
Acetone (67-64-1)	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.
Methanol (67-56-1)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.6 - 1.12 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
, ,	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.42 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD) ThOD	1.42 g O₂ /g substance 1.5 g O₂ /g substance
, ,	
ThOD BOD (% of ThOD)	1.5 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
ThOD BOD (% of ThOD)  Acetone (67-64-1)	1.5 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance 0.8 % ThOD
ThOD BOD (% of ThOD)  Acetone (67-64-1) Persistence and degradability	1.5 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance 0.8 % ThOD  Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available. Not established.
ThOD BOD (% of ThOD)  Acetone (67-64-1) Persistence and degradability  Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.5 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance 0.8 % ThOD  Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available. Not established.  1.43 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
ThOD BOD (% of ThOD)  Acetone (67-64-1) Persistence and degradability  Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.5 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance 0.8 % ThOD  Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available. Not established.  1.43 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance 1.92 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
ThOD BOD (% of ThOD)  Acetone (67-64-1) Persistence and degradability  Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) Chemical oxygen demand (COD) ThOD	1.5 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance  0.8 % ThOD  Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available. Not established.  1.43 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance  1.92 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance  2.20 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
ThOD BOD (% of ThOD)  Acetone (67-64-1) Persistence and degradability  Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.5 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance 0.8 % ThOD  Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available. Not established.  1.43 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance 1.92 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
ThOD BOD (% of ThOD)  Acetone (67-64-1) Persistence and degradability  Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) Chemical oxygen demand (COD) ThOD	1.5 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance  0.8 % ThOD  Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available. Not established.  1.43 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance  1.92 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance  2.20 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
ThOD BOD (% of ThOD)  Acetone (67-64-1) Persistence and degradability  Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) Chemical oxygen demand (COD) ThOD BOD (% of ThOD)	1.5 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance 0.8 % ThOD  Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available. Not established.  1.43 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance 1.92 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance 2.20 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance (20 day(s)) 0.872
ThOD BOD (% of ThOD)  Acetone (67-64-1) Persistence and degradability  Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) Chemical oxygen demand (COD) ThOD BOD (% of ThOD)  12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	1.5 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance 0.8 % ThOD  Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available. Not established.  1.43 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance 1.92 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance 2.20 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance (20 day(s)) 0.872
ThOD BOD (% of ThOD)  Acetone (67-64-1) Persistence and degradability  Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) Chemical oxygen demand (COD) ThOD BOD (% of ThOD)  12.3. Bioaccumulative potential JOHNSEN'S NON-CHLORINATATED BPC 5 G	1.5 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance  0.8 % ThOD  Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available. Not established.  1.43 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance  1.92 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance  2.20 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance  (20 day(s)) 0.872
ThOD BOD (% of ThOD)  Acetone (67-64-1) Persistence and degradability  Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) Chemical oxygen demand (COD) ThOD BOD (% of ThOD)  12.3. Bioaccumulative potential JOHNSEN'S NON-CHLORINATATED BPC 5 G Bioaccumulative potential	1.5 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance  0.8 % ThOD  Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available. Not established.  1.43 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance  1.92 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance  2.20 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance  (20 day(s)) 0.872  GALLON  Not established.
ThOD BOD (% of ThOD)  Acetone (67-64-1) Persistence and degradability  Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) Chemical oxygen demand (COD) ThOD BOD (% of ThOD)  12.3. Bioaccumulative potential JOHNSEN'S NON-CHLORINATATED BPC 5 G Bioaccumulative potential  Toluene (108-88-3)	1.5 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance  0.8 % ThOD  Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available. Not established.  1.43 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance  1.92 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance  2.20 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance  (20 day(s)) 0.872  BALLON  Not established.
ThOD BOD (% of ThOD)  Acetone (67-64-1) Persistence and degradability  Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) Chemical oxygen demand (COD) ThOD BOD (% of ThOD)  12.3. Bioaccumulative potential  JOHNSEN'S NON-CHLORINATATED BPC 5 G Bioaccumulative potential  Toluene (108-88-3) BCF fish 1 BCF fish 2	1.5 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance  0.8 % ThOD  Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available. Not established.  1.43 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance  1.92 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance  2.20 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance  (20 day(s)) 0.872  BALLON  Not established.
ThOD BOD (% of ThOD)  Acetone (67-64-1) Persistence and degradability  Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) Chemical oxygen demand (COD) ThOD BOD (% of ThOD)  12.3. Bioaccumulative potential JOHNSEN'S NON-CHLORINATATED BPC 5 G Bioaccumulative potential  Toluene (108-88-3) BCF fish 1 BCF fish 2 BCF other aquatic organisms 1	1.5 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance  0.8 % ThOD  Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available. Not established.  1.43 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance  1.92 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance  2.20 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance  (20 day(s)) 0.872   BALLON  Not established.  13.2 (Anguilla japonica)  90 (72 h; Leuciscus idus)  380 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight)
ThOD BOD (% of ThOD)  Acetone (67-64-1) Persistence and degradability  Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) Chemical oxygen demand (COD) ThOD BOD (% of ThOD)  12.3. Bioaccumulative potential  JOHNSEN'S NON-CHLORINATATED BPC 5 G Bioaccumulative potential  Toluene (108-88-3) BCF fish 1 BCF fish 2	1.5 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance  0.8 % ThOD  Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available. Not established.  1.43 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance  1.92 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance  2.20 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance  (20 day(s)) 0.872  BALLON  Not established.

06/11/2014 EN (English US) 7/12

### Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Toluene (108-88-3)			
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).		
Benzene (71-43-2)			
BCF fish 1	19 Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss)		
BCF other aquatic organisms 1	30 (24 h; Chlorella sp.; Fresh weight)		
Log Pow	2.13 (Experimental value)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).		
Acetone (67-64-1)			
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.		
Methanol (67-56-1)			
BCF fish 1	< 10 (Leuciscus idus)		
Log Pow	-0.77 (Experimental value; Other)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).		
Acetone (67-64-1)			
BCF fish 1	0.69 (Pisces)		
BCF other aquatic organisms 1	3		
Log Pow	-0.24 (Test data)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative. Not established.		
12.4. Mobility in soil			
Toluene (108-88-3)			
Surface tension	0.03 N/m (20 °C)		
Benzene (71-43-2)			
Surface tension	0.029 N/m (20 °C)		
Methanol (67-56-1)			
Surface tension	0.023 N/m (20 °C)		
Acetone (67-64-1)			
Surface tension	0.0237 N/m (20 °C)		
12.5. Other adverse effects			
Other information	: Avoid release to the environment.		
SECTION 13: Disposal considerations			
13.1. Waste treatment methods			
J. I. Waste treatment methods			

Waste disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Dispose of

contents/container to appropriate waste disposal facility, in accordance with local, regional, national, international regulations.

Additional information : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment. Hazardous waste due to toxicity.

EN (English US) 06/11/2014 8/12

#### Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

In accordance with ADR / RID / IMDG / IATA / ADN

US DOT (ground): UN1993, Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (Acetone, Methanol, Toluene), 3, II ICAO/IATA (air): UN1993, Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (Acetone, Methanol, Toluene), 3, II IMO/IMDG (water): UN1993, Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (Acetone, Methanol, Toluene), 3, II

Special Provisions: IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional

Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55

C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized.

T7 - 4 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3)

TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = 97 / 1 + a (tr - tf) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees

celsius of the liquid during filling.

TP8 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 1.5 bar (150 kPa) may be used when the flash point of the

: 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120

hazardous material transported is greater than 0 C (32 F).

TP28 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 2.65 bar (265 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 2.65 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous material, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter,

where the test pressure is 1.5 times the MAWP.

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (Acetone, Methanol, Toluene)

Department of Transportation (DOT) Hazard

Classes

Hazard labels (DOT)

: 3 - Flammable liquid



DOT Symbols : G - Identifies PSN requiring a technical name

Packing group (DOT) : II - Medium Danger

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)

: IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110

kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized.

T7 - 4 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3)

TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = 97 / 1 + a (tr - tf) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling.

TP8 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 1.5 bar (150 kPa) may be used when

the flash point of the hazardous material transported is greater than 0 C (32 F).

TP28 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 2.65 bar (265 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 2.65 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous material, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the

MAWP.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 150
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 202
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 242

#### 14.3. Additional information

Other information : No supplementary information available.

#### **Overland transport**

No additional information available

#### Transport by sea

**DOT Vessel Stowage Location** 

: B - (i) The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) "On deck only" on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this section is exceeded.

#### Air transport

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail : 5 L

(49 CFR 173.27)

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 : 60 L

CFR 175.75)

06/11/2014 EN (English US) 9/12

### Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

ccording to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations			
SECTION 15: Regulatory information			
15.1. US Federal regulations			
JOHNSEN'S NON-CHLORINATATED BPC 5 GALLON			
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Delayed (chronic) health hazard Fire hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard		
Toluene (108-88-3)			
Listed on United States SARA Section 313 Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory			
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Delayed (chronic) health hazard Fire hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard		
Methanol (67-56-1)			
Listed on United States SARA Section 313 Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory			
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard Fire hazard		
Acetone (67-64-1)			

Immediate (acute) health hazard

Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Fire hazard

#### 15.2. International regulations

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes

#### **CANADA**

JOHNSEN'S NON-CHLORINATATED BPC 5 GALLON			
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid		
Toluene (108-88-3)			
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects		
Methanol (67-56-1)			
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid Class D Division 1 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects		
Acetone (67-64-1)			
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Sustances List)			
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects		

#### **EU-Regulations**

#### Toluene (108-88-3)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

#### Acetone (67-64-1)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)- Directive 79/831/EEC, sixth Amendment of Directive 67/548/EEC (dangerous substances)
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

#### Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC [DSD] or 1999/45/EC [DPD]

Repr.Cat.3; R63 F; R11

T; R23/24/25

T; R39/23/24/25

Xn; R48/20 Xi; R36/38

Full text of R-phrases: see section 16

#### 15.2.2. **National regulations**

06/11/2014 EN (English US) 10/12

#### Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

#### Acetone (67-64-1)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Listed on KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory)

Listed on AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory

Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)

#### 15.3. US State regulations

JOHNSEN'S NON-CHLORINATATED BPC 5 GALLON	
State or local regulations	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Maximum Allowable Dose Levels (MADL)

Acetone (67-64-1)				
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity -	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity -	No significance risk level (NSRL)
Yes		Female	Male	

#### Toluene (108-88-3)

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Maximum Allowable Dose Levels (MADL)

#### Acetone (67-64-1)

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Maximum Allowable Dose Levels (MADL)

Benzene 71-43-2

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Other information : None.

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16:

Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 3	
Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:dust,mist)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 3	
Acute Tox. 3 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 3	
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 4	
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard Category 1	
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A	
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids Category 2	
Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity Category 2	
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2	
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2	
STOT SE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 1	
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3	
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor	
H301	Toxic if swallowed	
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways	
H311	Toxic in contact with skin	
H315	Causes skin irritation	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation	
H331	Toxic if inhaled	
H332	Harmful if inhaled	
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child	
H370	Causes damage to organs	
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	

NFPA health hazard

11/12

06/11/2014 EN (English US)

<sup>: 2 -</sup> Intense or continued exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury unless prompt medical attention is given.

### Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

NFPA fire hazard : 3 - Liquids and solids that can be ignited under almost all

ambient conditions.

NFPA reactivity : 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions,

and are not reactive with water.

#### **HMIS III Rating**

Health : 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur

Flammability : 3 Serious Hazard Physical : 0 Minimal Hazard

Personal Protection : B

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - TCC

The Supplier identified in Section 1 of this MSDS has evaluated this product and certifies it to be labeled and packaged in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Federal Hazardous Substance Act as stated in 16 CFR 1500 and enforced by the Consumer Product Safety Commission, and where applicable the products that require Child Resistant Closures are packaged in accordance with the Poison Prevention Packaging Act as stated in 16 CFR 1700 and enforced by the Consumer Product Safety Commission. All closures have been tested in accordance with the latest protocols. No other testing is required to certify compliance with the above. The date of manufacture is stamped on the product

Disclaimer: The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon tests believed to be reliable. However, the manufacturer/distributor of this product does not guarantee their accuracy or completeness NOR SHALL ANY OF THIS INFORMATION CONSTITUTE A WARRANTY, WHETHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, AS TO THE SAFETY OF THE GOODS, THE MERCHANTABILITY OF THE GOODS, OR THE FITNESS OF THE GOODS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. Adjustment to conform to actual conditions of usage may be required. The manufacturer/distributor assumes no responsibility for results obtained or for incidental or consequential damages, including lost profits, arising from the use of these data. No warranty against infringement of any patent, copyright or trademark is made or implied.

06/11/2014 EN (English US) 12/12