# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



#### Stainless Steel Cleaner Polish

GHS product identifier	: Stainless Steel Cleaner Polish
Product code	: 065
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.

Identified uses	
Stainless Steel Cleaner & Polish	
Uses advised against	Reason
For Industrial and Institutional Use Only	-

24 hour

#### Supplier's details

: Betco Corporation 400 Van Camp Road Bowling Green, Ohio 43402 www.betco.com 888-462-3826

: Chemtrec (800) 424-9300

#### Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)

# Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Liquefied gas ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Extremely flammable aerosol.</li> <li>Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.</li> <li>May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	<ul> <li>Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.</li> </ul>
Response	: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Date of issue/Date of revision

Date of previous issue

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Section 2 Comp	osition/information on ingradiants
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Storage	<ul> <li>Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place.</li> </ul>

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
White mineral oil (petroleum)	≤10	8042-47-5
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	≤10	64742-47-8
propane	≤3	74-98-6

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health eff	ects				
Eye contact	: No know	n significant effects or critic	al hazards.		
Inhalation	: No know	n significant effects or critic	al hazards.		
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/4/2021	Date of previous issue	: 2/1/2021	Version : 2	2/13

### Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.Over-exposure signs/symptomsEye contact: No specific data.Inhalation: No specific data.Skin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomitingIndication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessaryNotes to physician: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.Specific treatments: No specific treatment.Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.	t: No kn	own significant effects or critical hazards.
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Skin contact       : No specific data.         Ingestion       : Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting         Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary         Notes to physician       : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.         Specific treatments       : No specific treatment.         Protection of first-aiders       : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.	: No sp	ecific data.
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be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.		tion shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may ngerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

		on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	onta	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	-	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
White mineral oil (petroleum)	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).
	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
	fraction
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Mist
	STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Mist
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon
	vapor) 8 hours.
propane	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). Oxygen
	Depletion [Asphyxiant]. Explosive potential.

Appropriate engineering controls	:	The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measu	<u>ires</u>	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side- shields. Recommended: safety glasses
Skin protection		

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

-	• •
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Recommended: Chemical resistant gloves
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Personal protective equipment (Pictograms)	

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Clear.
Odor	: Characteristic.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: Not available.
Flash point	: Open cup: -104.4°C (-155.9°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 0.948
Solubility	: Very slightly soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	• : Not available.
Viscosity	: Not available.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/4/2021 Date of previous issue : 2/1/2021 Version : 2 6/1

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Aerosol product

Type of aerosol	: Spray
Heat of combustion	E 400 I

Heat of combustion : 5.462 kJ/g

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
Incompatible materials	: Not available.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
White mineral oil (petroleum)	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	•••	Route of exposure	Target organs
propane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
White mineral oil (petroleum)	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation. Routes of entry not anticipated: Oral.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	:	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure					
Short term exposure					
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.				
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.				
Long term exposure					
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.				
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.				
Potential chronic health effe	<u>cts</u>				
Not available.					
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
White mineral oil (petroleum) propane	>6 1.09	-	high Iow

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)

: Not available.

#### Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE	AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE	AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE	AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE	AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE	AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

hydrotreated light

propane

# Section 14. Transport information

Additional information		
DOT Classification	:	Limited quantity Yes.
TDG Classification	:	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2).
ADR/RID	1	Tunnel code (D)
IMDG	1	Limited quantity Yes -
ΙΑΤΑ	:	Limited quantity Yes -
Special precautions for user	:	<b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code	:	Not available.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

J.S. Federal regulations	: Т	SCA 8(a) PAIR: Si	iloxanes and Silicones, di-Me
	Т	SCA 8(a) CDR Ex	empt/Partial exemption: Not determined
	C	lean Air Act (CAA	A) 112 regulated flammable substances: butane; propane
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: N	ot listed	
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: N	ot listed	
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: N	ot listed	
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: N	ot listed	
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: N	ot listed	
SARA 302/304			
Composition/information c	on ing	redients	
No products were found.			
SARA 304 RQ	: N	ot applicable.	
<u>SARA 311/312</u>			
Classification	GA		SOLS - Category 1 ESSURE - Liquefied gas RD - Category 1
Composition/information c	on ing	redients	
Name		%	Classification
butane		≤10	FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Liquefied gas
White mineral oil (petroleum)≤10Distillates (petroleum),≤10buttere stad lickt			ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4

**ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1** 

GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Liquefied gas

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)

FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1

≤3

10/13

# Section 15. Regulatory information

(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 State regulations **Massachusetts** : The following components are listed: BUTANE; OIL MIST, MINERAL; PROPANE New York : None of the components are listed. **New Jersey** : The following components are listed: BUTANE; PROPANE : The following components are listed: BUTANE; PROPANE **Pennsylvania** California Prop. 65 This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65. International regulations Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed. **Montreal Protocol** Not listed. **Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants** Not listed. **Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)** Not listed. **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals** Not listed. Inventory list **Australia** : All components are listed or exempted. Canada : All components are listed or exempted. China : All components are listed or exempted. **Europe** : Not determined. : Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. : Not determined Malaysia **New Zealand** : All components are listed or exempted. **Philippines** : All components are listed or exempted. **Republic of Korea** : All components are listed or exempted. : All components are listed or exempted. Taiwan Thailand : Not determined. **Turkey** : Not determined. **United States** : All components are listed or exempted. Viet Nam : Not determined.

### Section 16. Other information

#### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Date of issue/Date of revision

### Section 16. Other information

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

	Justification		
FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Liquefied gas ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1		Expert judgment Expert judgment Expert judgment	
History		· · · · ·	
Date of printing	: 2/4/2021		
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/4/2021		
Date of previous issue	: 2/1/2021		
Version	: 2		
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations</li> </ul>		
References	: Not available.		

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.
Notice to reader

### Section 16. Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.